

SULFOROKAnol L385/1T

TIPA LAURETH SULFATE (AND) PROPYLENE GLYCOL

Description

- effective emulsifier and cleaning agent in anhydrous, highly concentrated bath and shower preparations with a high oil content,
- clear formulations are obtained with polar vegetable oils, such as castor oil, regardless of the mixing ratio,
- less polar oils, e.g. olive oil or sunflower oil, as well as paraffin oil, require the

addition of a coemulsifier to achieve clarity,

- foaming agent,
- compatible with anionic, non-ionic and amphoteric surfactants,
- component of liquid detergent concentrates intended for I&I and household.

Application

- shower oils,
- gentle foaming cleansers,
- cleansing emulsions,
- exfoliating cleansers.



SULFOROKAnol L385/1T TIPA LAURETH SULFATE (AND) PROPYLENE GLYCOL

Chemical name	Alcohols C12-14, ethoxylated (3 EO), sulfated, triisopropanolamine salts and propylene glycol			
INCI name	TIPA Laureth Sulfate (and) Propylene Glycol			
CAS number	107600-36-2, 57-55-6			
Function	Emulsifier and cleaning agent			
Technical requirements	Appearance at temperature (20÷25)°C	viscous liquid		
	Active substance, %(mm)	82 ÷ 92		
	pH of 2% solution	6.0 ÷ 8.0		
	lodine colour number, 50% (m/m) in propylene glycol solution at temperature (20÷25)°C	max 4		
	1,4-dioxane, ppm	max 25		
General data	Molecular weight, g/mol	approx. 597		
	1,2-Propylene Glycol, % (m/m)	below 10		
	Viscosity at 25°C, cP	3000 ÷ 8000		
	Density at 20°C, g/mL	approx. 1.06		
	Solidification point, ℃	approx10		

Shower oil

Phase	INCI name	Brand name	Concentration [%]	Function
Α	Helianthus Annuus Seed Oil		54.50	emollient
Α	Tocopheryl Acetate		1.00	active
Α	TIPA Laureth Sulfate, Propylene Glycol	SULFOROKANOL L385/1T	20.00	surfactant
В	Laureth-2	ROKAnol Lk2	24.00	surfactant
В	Parfume		0.50	fragrance
	APPEARANCE	visual method		slightly yellowish viscous liquid

VISCOSITY [cP] STABILITY

viscou Brookfield LV, spindle: 34, speed: 2,5 RPM, T:25°C < 100 1 month in 5°C, 20°C, 40°C, confirr

slightly yellowish viscous liquid < 100 confirmed



- 1. In a main vessel combine ingredients from phase A. Mix until uniform.
- 2. Combine ingredients from phase B in a separate vessel and mix until uniform.
- 3. Add ingredients from phase B to phase A while mixing. Mix until uniform.



Face cleansing emulsion

Phase	INCI name	Brand name	Concentration [%]	Function
Α	Aqua		up to 100	solvent
Α	Betaine		1.00	active
В	Sclerotium Gum, Xanthan Gum		0.45	rheology modifier
В	Glycerin		2.00	solvent
С	Cetearyl Alcohol	EXOalc 1618 flakes	3.00	emulsion stabilizer
С	Ceteareth-25	ROKAnol T25	2.00	emulsion
С	PPG-15 Stearyl Ether	ROKAnol SP15L	2.00	emollient
С	Helianthus Annuus Seed Oil		10.00	emollient
С	Stearic Acid		1.00	rheology modifier
D	TIPA Laureth Sulfate, Propylene Glycol	SULFOROKAnol L385/1T	4.00	surfactant
D	Benzyl Alcohol, Ethylhexylglycerin, Tocopherol		0.60	preservative
Е	PPG-5-Ceteth-20	ROKAnol LP6066	2.00	emollient
F	Lactic Acid		q.s.	pH adjuster

 APPEARANCE
 visual method
 white emulsion

 pH
 5.0 - 6.5

 VISCOSITY [cP]
 Brookfield LV, spindle 34, speed 2.5 RPM, T: 25°C
 8000 - 15000

 STABILITY
 1 month at 5°C, RT, 40°C
 confirmed



- In a main vessel combine ingredients from the phase A. Heat phase A to 75-80°C while mixing.
- **2.** Add Xanthan Gum to Glycerin mix until homogenous solution is obtained.
- **3.** Add the phase B components to phase A while mixing. Mix until uniform.
- **4.** In a separate vessell combine ingredients from the phase C.
- 5. Heat phase C to 75-80°C.

- **6.** Add C into A, stir well with hand stirring, keep A/B at 75-80°C. Homogenize with 2000-3000 RPM, 90 sec.
- 7. Cool the batch down to 50°C while mixing. Add SULFOROKAnol L385/1T and preservative while mixing. Homogenize with 2500-3500 RPM, 90 sec.
- **8.** Cool the batch down to 25°C while mixing. Add ROKAnol LP6066 while mixing. Homogenize with 2500-3500 RPM, 30 sec.
- 9. Control the pH range if necessary, add Lactic Acid.







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Markets and Aplication

MANUFACTURER

OCC

Adversives

a section and the

